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GCSE REFORM

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GCSE (9–1) Computer Science



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INTRODUCTION

The following guide shows the format pseudocode will appear in the examined components. It is provided to allow you to give learners familiarity before the exam. Learners are not expected to memorise the syntax of this pseudocode and when asked may provide answers in any style of pseudocode they choose providing its meaning could be reasonably inferred by a competent programmer.

Variables

Variables are assigned using the = operator.

x=3

name="Bob"

A variable is declared the first time a value is assigned. It assumes the data type of the value it is given.

Variables declared inside a function or procedure are local to that subroutine.

Variables in the main program can be made global with the keyword global.

global userid = 123

Casting

Variables can be typecast using the int str and float functions

```
str(3) returns "3"
int("3") returns 3
float("3.14") returns 3.14
```

Outputting to Screen

print(string)

Example:

print("hello")

Taking Input from User

variable=input(prompt to user)

Example:

name=input("Please enter your name")

Iteration - Count Controlled

for i=0 to 7
 print("Hello")
next i

Will print hello 8 times (0-7 inclusive).

Iteration - Condition Controlled

```
while answer!="computer"
```

```
answer=input("What is the password?")
```

endwhile

do

answer=input("What is the password?")

until answer=="computer"



Logical Operators

AND OR NOT

eg

while x<=5 AND flag==false

AND				
(conjunction)				
INF	TUY	OUTPUT		
А	В	A ^ B		
Т	Т	Т		
Т	F	F		
F	Т	F		
F	F	F		

OR				
(disjunction)				
INF	TUT	OUTPUT		
А	В	ΑVΒ		
Т	Т	Т		
Т	F	Т		
F	Т	Т		
F	F	F		

NOT		
(negation)		
of ¬ A		
А	٦A	
Т	F	
F	Т	

Comparison Operators

==	Equal to
!=	Not equal to
<	Less than
<=	Less than or equal to
>	Greater than
>=	Greater than or equal to

Aritmetic Operators

+	Addition eg x=6+5 gives 11
-	Subtraction eg x=6-5 gives 1
*	Multiplication eg x=12*2 gives 24
/	Division eg x=12/2 gives 6
MOD	Modulus eg 12MOD5 gives 2
DIV	Quotient eg 17DIV5 gives 3
٨	Exponentiation eg 3^4 gives 81



Selection

Selection will be carried out with if/else and switch/case:

if/else

```
if entry=="a" then
```

print("You selected A")

```
elseif entry=="b" then
```

print("You selected B")

else

print("Unrecognised selection")

endif

switch/case

switch entry:

case "A":

```
print("You selected A")
```

case "B":

```
print("You selected B")
```

default:

print("Unrecognised selection")

endswitch



String Handling

To get the length of a string:

stringname.length

To get a substring:

stringname.subString(startingPosition, numberOfCharacters)

NB: The string will start with the 0th character.

Example:

someText="Computer Science"

print(someText.length)

print(someText.substring(3,3))

Will display:

16 put



Subroutines

function triple(number)

return number*3

endfunction

Called from main program

y=triple(7)

procedure greeting(name)

print("hello"+name)

endprocedure

Called from main program

```
greeting("Hamish")
```

Unless stated values passed to subroutines can be assumed to be passed by value. If this is relevant to the question byVal and byRef will be used. In the case below x is passed by value and y is passed by reference.

```
procedure foobar(x:byVal, y:byRef)
```

```
...
```

endprocedure



Arrays

Arrays will be 0 based and declared with the keyword array.

```
array names[5]
names[0]="Ahmad"
```

```
names[1]="Ben"
```

```
names[2]="Catherine"
```

```
names[3]="Dana"
```

names[4]="Elijah"

print(names[3])

Example of 2D array:

```
Array board[8,8]
```

board[0,0]="rook"



Reading to and Writing from Files

To open a file to read from openRead is used and readLine to return a line of text from the file.

The following program makes x the first line of sample.txt

```
myFile = openRead("sample.txt")
x = myFile.readLine()
```

myFile.close()

endOfFile() is used to determine the end of the file. The following program will print out the contents of sample.txt

```
myFile = openRead("sample.txt")
```

while NOT myFile.endOfFile()

print(myFile.readLine())

endwhile

myFile.close()

To open a file to write to openWrite is used and writeLine to add a line of text to the file. In the program below hello world is made the contents of sample.txt (any previous contents are overwritten).

```
myFile = openWrite("sample.txt")
myFile.writeLine("Hello World")
myFile.close()
```

Comments

Comments are denoted by //

print("Hello World") //This is a comment





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